LEADERSHIP

Text: Psalm 101

Intro:

- Character seems to be no longer an issue with folks when choosing a person for elected office.
- The scriptures have a lot to say about a person's character.
 - o Prov. 22:1 "A [good] name [is] rather to be chosen than great riches, [and] loving favour rather than silver and gold."
 - Ecces. 7:1 "A good name [is] better than precious ointment;..."
- This is especially important for our leaders or rulers.
 - Prov. 29:2 "When the righteous are in authority, the people rejoice: but when the wicked beareth rule, the people mourn."
 - o Prov. 29:8 "Scornful men bring a city into a snare: but wise [men] turn away wrath."
- The coming election in November will determine much for the future of this nation and the lives of its people.
- It will determine the leadership of our cities, our states, and the nation.
- Leaders have potential for great good or great evil.
- They provide models for behavior.
- They are advocates of ideas, philosophies and policies that they hope to impose on the people.
- They are given the power to make decisions that may impact almost every aspect of our lives.
- Because of this, the Christian should take his or her vote seriously.
- It should be made after prayer, information gathering and careful thought
- Psalm 101, is a Psalm of David.
- Psalm 101 is David's prayer upon becoming King of Israel.
- Psalm 101, is perhaps one of the most concise statement of effective, beneficial leadership.
- Psalm 101 gives the description of a model leader for God and the people.

• It is my prayer that each of here will use Psalm 101, as our measurement for choosing our leaders this coming November.

I. vs. 1-4 - The Personal Character of a Model Leader

- **Vs.1 Balanced Attitude** In decision making a leader must have a balance of mercy and judgment.
- Notice what Jesus said about judgment Jn. 5:30
- See James 2:13
- Decision making not for self interest.
- Not for getting back at someone.
- Not seeking own will.
- Leader must remember the mercy God had on this world through His Son.

• Vs. 2 - Blameless Conduct

- "behave" how one will conduct themselves
- Verse 2 speaks of the personal conduct of the leader.
- The words "wisely" and "perfect" suggest carefulness, thoughtfulness, integrity and wholesomeness.
- Characteristics of the wise
 - **I. Pro. 8:33 & 12:15** Person who listens.
 - **II. Pro. 15:2** Know how to use knowledge in the right way.
 - **III. Pro. 15:7** Gives the knowledge to others.
 - **IV. Pro. 17:10** Excepts criticism.
 - V. <u>Pro. 24:5</u> Strong character.
 - VI. Pro. 29:8 Peacemaker.
 - **VII. Pro. 29:11** Not quick to speak.
- "Perfect" Does not mean sinless.
- But means a leader conducts himself in such a way no one can link him to any scandalous behaviour.
- Good Testimony.
- Man who is always examining himself before God, actively seeking to be right with God.

• Vs. 2 - Spiritual Hunger - "O when wilt thou come unto me"

- The model leader has a desire for communion and fellowship with God.
- "come unto me" is an invitation.
- The model leader not only has a desire to have fellowship with God but actually invites God to be a part of his life.
- He meets with God through communion in God's Word, through prayer and praise.
- He recognizes that he needs God's help to do his job.

• Vs. 2 - Pure Motive - "I will walk within my house with a perfect heart."

- This is a statement concerning the leader's private walk.
- A model leader's public and private walk should be the same.
- Often leaders may have a public walk which is just a façade.
- Come to find out his private walk, family life is a mess scandal cheats on the wife, never spends anytime with children, neglects the family.
- His private life before those in his house (where no one on outside can see him) will reveal his inner man, his motives.
- The model leader's desire is to be "perfect" in the sense of innocent, wholesome, and adhering to God's moral code.
- Thus, he will not be self-centered, but centered in what is best for those he serves according to God

• Vs. 3- Read - Discernment of Influences

- Verse 3, speaks of things that might influence a leader.
- The "wicked things" "the work of them that turn aside", are influences that must be guarded against.
- Here, David is speaking about what is worthless, destructive, crooked, and harmful.
- Although, he cannot prevent encountering such things or people, he resolves not to entertain them, interact with them, but to separate himself from them.
- To do so requires discernment and personal discipline or "personal separation".

• <u>Vs. 4 - Read - Companions of Characters (who he surrounds</u> himself with)

• Speaks of – counselors, officers, servants, & others who surrounds the Government leader.

- David speaks of those who would not be his companions.
- Those he would reject and not be a part of his administration.
- A person with a "forward" or "twisted, perverse, and disobedient heart."
- And the "wicked" or evil person.
- David realized we become like those whom we associate with **See Pro. 13:20.**
- Therefore, the choice of friends and subordinates is crucial to his personal character and leadership.
- These six areas are vital to character of any person.
- Should be areas of concern when choosing elected officials
- I. Balance Attitude
- II. Blameless Conduct
- III. Spiritual Hunger
- IV. Pure Motives
- V. Discernment of Influences
- VI. Companions of Characters.

II. The Public Conduct of a Model Leader Vs. 5-8 (Broken down two areas)

- **A.** Those he will punish.
 - David pledges himself to the will of God and the betterment of the people.
 - He is determined to punish four types of conduct.

1) Vs. 5 - Read, "privily slandereth his neighbor"

- False charges or misrepresentations that defame or damage another's reputation.
- This promise is also an affirmation to defend and deal in truth with others.

2) Vs. 5 - "him that hath an high look and a proud heart will not I suffer."

- Promises to punish elitism and exaltation of one individual or group above another.
- The idea of a "high look" and a "proud heart" is superiority, arrogance and the opposite of the attitude of the worshipper.
- This vow is a commitment to impartiality and equality in dealing with the people he governs.
- This comes from a leader who has a spirit of humility and reverence.

3) **Vs. 7 – Read.**

- Promises to punish ones "that worketh deceit" and "telleth lies"
- This is a pledge to honor the truth.
- Such a practice would protect people in matters of judgment and set an example that encourages the keeping of contracts and the fulfilling of promises Bankruptcy stuff.
- Where someone word on something means something.
- It would protect the people from those who would say anything to gain an advantage characteristic of most politicians.

4) **Vs. 8 - Read**

- Promises to punish the criminal those who trouble the people "wicked".
- The model leader promises to be tough on crime and the trouble maker.
- Such people he vows to "cut off" or destroy or put away from society.

B. Those he would promote.

- Model leader does more than execute judgment.
- He sets an example by the people he promotes.
- There are two kinds of people who receive the praise and exaltation of the model leader. **Read Vs. 6**.

1) He promotes the "faithful of the land"

- Meaning of "faithful" in the text suggest these people are supporters, upholders, or pillars to that which is praiseworthy, worthwhile, honest, beneficial & good.
- They honor God, His Word and ways by their conduct, attitude, & influence.
- They are the kind of people the model leader wants "to dwell with me".

2) He promotes those "that walketh in a perfect way"

- He is a person with goals, values, ideas, and conduct like the model leader himself.
- He is sound, wholesome and complete in integrity.
- He can be counted on to say what he means, means what he says, and do what he promises.

• That is the kind of person the model leader is, and that is the kind of person he says, "shall serve me"

Conclusion:

- Who is the model leader?
- It is obvious if you know anything about the life of David that he did not fulfill the lofty principals and ideas presented in Psalm 101.
- However, they were the desires of his heart.
- In fact, God described David as man after God's own heart (1 Sam. 13:14).
- The only one who can fulfill them completely is the Lord Jesus Christ, our risen and soon appearing King of Kings and Lord of Lords.
- Who should you vote for?
- Vote for those candidates that most closely identify with the principles of the model leader in Psalm 101.